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(9)

$$C_0(L_A^{m_A} m_A; 000) = C_{0,0}(L_A) - \frac{3m_A^2 - L_A(L_A+1)}{(2L_A-1)(2L_A+3)} C_{0,2}(L_A)$$

$$= C_{0,0}(0,0) (-1)^{L_A - m_A} \sum \langle L_A m_A L_A - m_A | 00 \rangle \langle 0000 | 00 \rangle \langle 0000 | 00 \rangle$$

$$+ C_{0,2}(2,0) (-1)^{L_A - m_A} \sum \langle L_A m_A L_A - m_A | 20 \rangle \langle 00100 | 20 \rangle \langle 2000 | 20 \rangle$$

↓

$$\langle L_A m_A L_A - m_A | 00 \rangle = \frac{(-1)^{L_A - m_A}}{\sqrt{2L_A+1}}$$

$$C_{0,0}(0,0) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2L_A+1}} = C_{0,0}(L_A)$$

$$- \frac{3m_A^2 - L_A(L_A+1)}{(2L_A-1)(2L_A+3)} C_{0,2}(L_A) = C_{0,2}(2,0) (-1)^{L_A - m_A} \langle L_A m_A L_A - m_A | 20 \rangle$$

$$\langle L_A m_A 20 | L_A m_A \rangle$$

$$\langle L_A m_A L_A - m_A | 20 \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} L_A & L_A & 2 \\ m_A & -m_A & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} L_A & 2 & L_A \\ m_A & 0 & -m_A \end{pmatrix} = \frac{(-1)^{L_A + m_A}}{\sqrt{2L_A+1}} \langle L_A m_A 20 | L_A m_A \rangle$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2L_A+1}} (-1)^{L_A + m_A} \frac{3m_A^2 - L_A(L_A+1)}{\sqrt{L_A(L_A+1)(2L_A-1)(2L_A+3)}}$$

~~3M~~

$$C_{6,2} = \frac{3M^2 - L(L+1)}{(2L-1)(2L+3)} \cdot (-1)^{2L} \sqrt{\frac{5}{2L+1}} \frac{3M^2 - L(L+1)}{\sqrt{L(L+1)(2L-1)(2L+3)}}$$

$$C_{6,2} = - \sqrt{\frac{5(2L-1)(2L+3)}{L(L+1)(2L+1)}} C_{6(2,0),2}$$

$$C_{6(0,0)0} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \alpha_{(1,1)0}^A(i\omega) \alpha_{(1,1)0}^B(i\omega) d\omega$$

$$C_{6,0} = \frac{3}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \alpha_0(L) \bar{\alpha}_0 d\omega$$

$$\alpha_0 = - \frac{\alpha_{(1,1)0}^+}{\sqrt{3(2L+1)}}$$

$$C_{6,0} = \frac{1}{\pi \sqrt{2L+1}} \int_0^\pi \alpha_{(1,1)0}^+(L) \alpha_{(1,1)0}^+(0) d\omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2L+1}} \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \alpha_{(1,1)0}^+(L) \alpha_{(1,1)0}^+(0) d\omega$$

$$C_{6,0} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2L+1}} C_{6(0,0)0} \quad \text{Q.E.D.}$$

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$$C_{6,2} = - \frac{3(2L+3)}{2\pi L} \int_0^{\infty} \alpha_2(L) \bar{\alpha}_0(0) d\omega$$

$$= + \frac{3(2L+3)}{2\pi L} + \frac{\text{denominator}}{\sqrt{3(2L+3)}} \sqrt{\frac{10L(2L-1)}{3(L+1)(2L+1)(2L+3)}}$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \alpha_{(1,1)2}^+(L) \alpha_{(1,1)0}^+ d\omega$$

→

$$C_{6(2,0)2} = \frac{f_{(1,1)2}^{(2,0)2}}{2\pi} \int \alpha_{(1,1)2}^A(L) \alpha_{(1,1)0}^B(0) d\omega$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2\pi} \int \alpha_{(1,1)2}^+(L) \alpha_{(1,1)0}^+(0) d\omega$$

$$= \frac{-1}{\pi\sqrt{2}} \int_0^{\infty} \alpha_{(1,1)2}^+(L) \alpha_{(1,1)0}^+(0) d\omega$$

$$C_{6,2} = - \frac{3(2L+3)}{\sqrt{2} \cdot 2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3(2L+3)}} \sqrt{\frac{5L(2L-1)(2L+3)}{3(L+1)(2L+1)(2L+3)}}$$

$$\frac{-1}{\pi\sqrt{2}} \int_0^{\infty} \alpha_{(1,1)2}^+(L) \alpha_{(1,1)0}^+(0) d\omega$$

$$= - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \cdot 2} \sqrt{\frac{5(2L-1)(2L+3)}{L(L+1)(2L+1)}} C_{6(2,0)2}$$